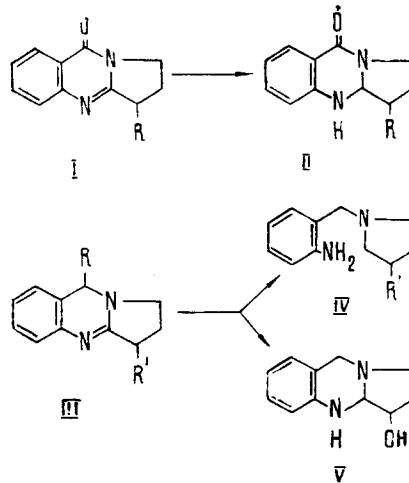


REDUCTION OF SOME ALKALOIDS FROM *Peganum
harmala* WITH SODIUM TETRAHYDROBORATE

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To determine the pharmacological activity of some bases, we have reduced them with sodium tetrahydroborate. The dihydroquinazolinone derivatives – vasicinone (I, R=OH) – were not reduced at room temperature (18–20°C). The reaction took place on boiling in ethanol and, regardless of the time of heating and the ratio of the reactants, dihydro derivatives were obtained with the reduction of the C=N double bond and the retention of the carbonyl group. Dihydrovasicinone (II, R=OH) has mp 190°C; UV spectrum: λ_{\max} 224, 340 nm ($\log \epsilon$ 4.43, 3.25); IR spectrum: 3320, 1620 cm^{-1} ; mass spectrum: 204, 160, 147, 132; and the NMR spectrum retains the one-proton doublet in the weak field for the hydrogen in the peri position to the carbonyl group. Dihydrodeoxyvasicinone (II, R=H) has mp 182–183°C. The UV and NMR spectra in the region of aromatic groupings are similar to those of the II (R=OH); IR spectrum: 3280, 1640 cm^{-1} ; mass spectrum: 188, 187, 160, 132.



The dihydroquinazoline derivatives deoxypeganine (III, R=R'=H) and peganol (III, R=OH, R'=H) were reduced at room temperature, giving one and the same substance (IV, R'=H), i.e., reduction took place with the cleavage of the heterocyclic ring in the 1,2-position.

Peganine (III, R=H, R'=OH) gave a mixture of compounds IV, (R'=OH) and (V) (the latter predominating).

Substance (IV, R'=H) formed an oil giving a picrate with mp 167–168°C. The UV spectrum [λ_{\max} 237, 288 nm ($\log \epsilon$ 3.8, 3.2)] is close to that of aniline; the IR spectrum shows bands of a primary amino group at 3440, 3300 cm^{-1} , and the mass spectrum has ions with m/e 186, 159, 106, and 70. Thus, (IV, R'=H) must be *o*-aminobenzylpyrrolidine, which has been obtained by the reduction of (V) with tin in hydrochloric acid [1] and also by the electrolytic reduction of (III, R=H, R'=OH) [2].

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Compound (IV, R' = OH) formed an oil; mass spectrum: 192, 175, 106, 86; the melting point of (V) agrees with that given in the literature [1]. Its spectral characteristics also confirm its structure.

It is interesting to note that under similar conditions 2,3-diaryl- and 2,3-diaryl-substituted dihydroquinazolinones are reduced with the cleavage of the 2-3 bond [3], and 2,3-tetramethylenedihydroquinazoline, which is very close in structure to (III, R = R' = H), gives only a dihydro derivative without the opening of a ring [4].

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